Supplementary Data

FOXP2, APOE, and PRNP: New Modulators in Primary Progressive Aphasia

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Supplementary Figure 1. Reduction in regional cerebral perfusion in Primary progressive aphasia patients compared to a group of healthy subjects, showing a prevalent left frontotemporal hypoperfusion (n = 14, % Female = 36% (5), mean age = 58.9 years, SD = 11.8 years). The threshold was set at p < 0.05 corrected for multiple comparisons (FDR). L = left.

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