1

Supplementary Data

Markers of Cholesterol Metabolism in the Brain Show Stronger Associations with Cerebrovascular Disease than Alzheimer's Disease

 $\label{eq:continuity} \begin{array}{l} \text{Timothy M. Hughes}^{a,*}, \text{Lewis H. Kuller}^a, \text{Oscar L. Lopez}^b, \text{James T. Becker}^{b,c}, \text{Rhobert W. Evans}^a, \\ \text{Kim Sutton-Tyrrell}^a \text{ and Caterina Rosano}^a \end{array}$

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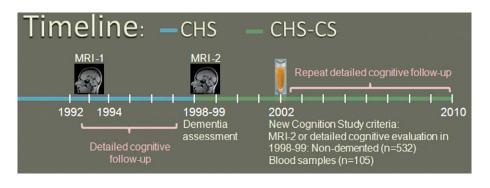
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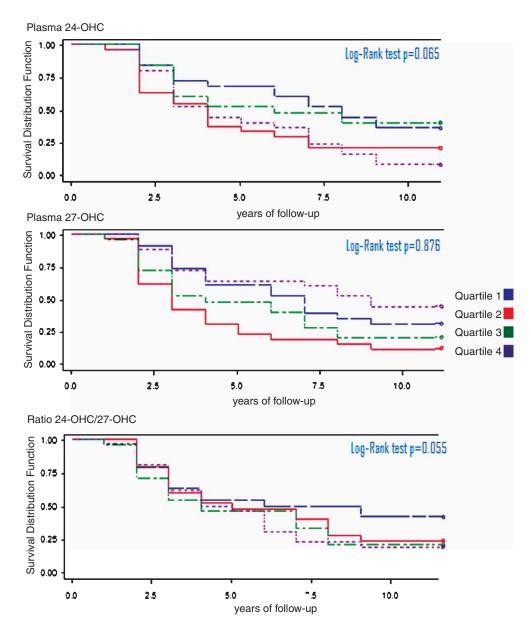
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Supplementary Figure 1. Timeline of the Pittsburgh Cardiovascular Health Study Cognition Study and oxysterol sample.



Supplementary Figure 2. Kaplan-Meier survival curves for time to cognitive impairment by plasma 24S-hydroxycholesterol (24-OHC), 27-hydroxycholesterol (27-OHC), and ratio 24-OHC/27-OHC.